

# HISTORY – YEAR 11 – LIFE IN NAZI GERMANY, 1933-39

A KEY DATES		
1	1 <sup>st</sup> Apr 1933	Boycott of Jewish shops.
2	1 <sup>st</sup> June 1933	Law for the Encouragement of Marriage.
3	1935	Nuremberg Laws.
4	12 <sup>th</sup> Dec 1935	Lebensborn established.
5	1935	Conscription introduced.
6	1936	KdF reaches 35 million members.
7	Nov 1938	Kristallnacht – ‘Night of the Broken Glass’.
8	1938	Volkswagen car factories turned to weapons.
9	1939	Membership of Hitler Youth became compulsory.
10	1939	T4 Programme – murder of disabled children.

B KEY PEOPLE		
1	Gertrud Scholtz - Klink	Reich Women’s Leader who promoted idea of family.
2	Bernhard Rust	Nazi Education Minister.
3	Reinhard Heydrich	Established emigration service to encourage Jews to leave Germany.
4	Joseph Goebbels	Architect of Kristallnacht violence.

C KEY TERMS/CONCEPTS		
1	<b>Mother’s Cross</b>	Award given to German mothers: bronze = 4, silver = 6, gold = 8 children.
2	<b>League of German Girls</b>	Encouraged girls to practise domestic skills in preparation for motherhood.
3	<b>Lebensborn</b>	Encouraged genetically pure families.
4	<b>Hitler Youth</b>	Physical and political training for youths. A method of indoctrination and control.
5	<b>Teachers League</b>	Forced teachers to introduce Nazi curriculum – e.g. race/history/sport.
6	<b>Labour Service RAD</b>	Paid work for the unemployed, became compulsory – 422,000 joined.
7	<b>Unemployment</b>	Reduced from 6 million in 1933 to less than 500,000 in 1939.
8	<b>Autobahns</b>	Motorways built to provide employment.
9	<b>Rearming</b>	Hitler rearmed and conscripted soldiers in readiness for war.
10	<b>Labour Front (DAF)</b>	The Nazis banned trade unions; the DAF was designed to protect workers rights.
11	<b>Strength Through Joy - KdF</b>	Provided leisure activities for workers including holidays and theatre trips. Only loyal Nazis benefitted.
12	<b>Eugenics</b>	The science of selective breeding.
13	<b>Slavs</b>	‘Untermenschen’ – a ‘sub-human’ race
14	<b>Nuremberg Laws</b>	Rules which denied Jews citizenship (rights) and banned them from marrying Germans.
15	<b>Kristallnacht</b>	100 Jews were killed, and 200 Synagogues burned down.
16	<b>Anti-Semitism</b>	Anti-Jewish prejudice, aided by Nazi newspapers such as ‘Der Sturmer’.